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Listening, Attention and Understanding

Prior Knowledge - Development Matters - 3 - 4 Year Olds

- Enjoy listening to longer stories and can remember much of what happens.
- Pay attention to more than one thing at a time, which can be difficult.
- Sing a large repertoire of songs.
- Know many rhymes, be able to talk about familiar books, and be able to tell a long story.
- Start a conversation with an adult or a friend and continue it for many turns.

Literacy -Reading

Baseline (Sept)	Autumn (Dec)	Spring (April)	Summer (June)	ELG	Links to National
					Curriculum Year 1 for Literacy - Reading Key Stage 1 for PSHE
Follow a one or two part	Demonstrate good listening	Respond to what they have	Listen carefully so they can	Listen attentively and	Listening to and discussing
instruction	behaviours.	heard by asking questions and	respond with questions,	respond to what they	a wide range of poems,
		say what they think.	comments and actions.	hear with relevant	stories and non-fiction at a
	Follow simple instructions			questions, comments	level beyond which they
	(with two or more parts)			and actions when being	can read independently.
	reliably.			read to and in whole	
Enjoy joining in at group	Engage in story times	Say what they think and	Makes comments about	class discussions and	Learning to appreciate
times and story times		explain why.	what they have heard.	small group interactions	rhymes and poems, and
	Join in with familiar songs			5.	recite some by heart.
	and rhymes		Ask questions to help them	Make comments about	
			understand.	what they have heard	Join in with predictable
Talk to others and take it in	Wait and take turns in	Respond to what others say.	Engage in conversation with	and ask questions to	phrases
turns to speak	conversation.		my friends and teachers.	clarify understanding	
	Use talk to predict what	Describe events, characters,			Use vocabulary given by
	might happen and work out	and stories in some detail.		Hold conversation when	the teacher
	problems.			engaged in back and	
				forth exchanges with	Children make basic
				their teachers and peers	inferences about characters
					feelings by using what they
					say as evidence

		Make simple predictions based on the story and their own life experience.
		Answer a question based on what has just happened in a story.
		Begin to verbally explain ideas or through pictures.
		Predicting what might happen on the basis of what they have been read so far.

<u>Speaking</u> Prior Knowledge - Development Matters - 3 - 4 Year Olds

- Use a wider range of vocabulary.
- Understand a question or instruction that has two parts, such as "Get your coat and wait at the door".
- Understand 'why' questions, like: "Why do you think the caterpillar got so fat?"
- Develop their communication, but may continue to have problems with irregular tenses and plurals, such as 'runned' for 'ran', 'swimmed' for 'swam'.
- Develop their pronunciation but may have problems saying: some sounds: r, j, th, ch, and sh multisyllabic words such as 'pterodactyl', 'planetarium' or 'hippopotamus'
- Use longer sentences of four to six words.
- Be able to express a point of view and to debate when they disagree with an adult or a friend, using words as well as actions.
- Use talk to organise themselves and their play: "Let's go on a bus... you sit there... I'll be the driver."

Observational Check Point -

Around the age of 4, is the child using sentences of four to six words – "I want to play with cars" or "What's that thing called?" Can the child use sentences joined up with words like 'because', 'or', 'and'? For example: "I like ice cream because it makes my tongue shiver." Is the child using the future and past tense: "I am going to the park" and "I went to the shop"? Can the child answer simple 'why' questions?

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Express a point of view	Starting to share their ideas with familiar adults.	Share their ideas in small groups.	Take part in whole class and group discussions.	Participate in small group, class and one to one discussions,	Join in with predicable phrases. Use vocabulary given by the teacher.

Use talk to share what	Listen to and talk about	Explain events that have	Use vocabulary from	offering their own	Children make basic inferences
they think	stories, rhymes and non-	already happened in detail.	stories, non-fiction, rhyme	ideas, using recently	about characters' feelings by using what they say as evidence.
	fiction that they really		and poems.	introduced vocabulary	
	enjoy.			_	Infer basic points with direct reference to the pictures and words
Use a sentence of 4-6	Share their ideas using	Start to use past, present	Express their ideas and	Offer explanations for	in the text.
words.	talk as a tool.	and future tenses.	feelings.	why things might	
		5		happen, making use of	Discuss the significant of the title and events.
Use speech as a way of	Start to use full	Explain their ideas &	Use conjunctions (with	recently introduced	and events.
starting to express	sentences.	thoughts in well-formed	support and modelling) to	vocabulary from	Predict what might happen on the
themselves.		sentences.	connect my ideas.	stories, non- fiction,	basis of what has been read so far. Begin to explain these ideas
Use social phases to	Use new vocabulary	Ask questions to find out	Lean and retell stories,	rhyme and poems	verbally or through pictures.
adults and peers.	throughout the day,	more information or check	rhymes, poems and	when appropriate	
	which has been	what they understand.	songs.		Explain clearly their understanding of what has been read to them.
	introduced.	what they altacistalia.	5	Express their ideas	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	introduced.			and feelings about	
				their experiences using	
				full sentences,	
				including use of past,	
				present and future	
				tenses and making use	
				of conjunctions, with	
				modelling and support	
				from an adult	